Table 4.8: Summary of Potential Wetland Impacts by Alternative

Site	Wetland	Alternative1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4	Alternative 5
	Classification <sup>1</sup>					
TP	PSS1B <sup>2</sup>	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
EFR	R3US/UB		$\frac{1.2}{2.3^3}$		$2.3^{3}$	$\frac{2.3^3}{3.3^3}$
TR	R3US/UB	2.2	$3.3^{3}$	$3.3^{3}$	$3.3^{3}$	$3.3^{3}$
BP	PSS/EM1B					
В	PSS/EM1C <sup>2</sup>		0.4			
NFC	$PSS1/4B^2$					3.1
MCT	$PSS1/4B^2$			4.0	4.0	
CR	PSS1/4B <sup>2</sup> and		0.7			
	$PEM1B^2$		0.8			
DK <sup>4</sup>	PSS1/4B					
	R3USCx		1.6		1.6	1.6
KA	$PSS1/4B^2$		9.1			
	Total Impact	3.0	19.4	8.5	12.4	11.5
	(acres)					

Wetland classification follows Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin et al. 1979) Appear to be isolated, non-jurisdictional wetlands. The Alaska District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will

make the final jurisdictional determination.

Including up to an acre of impacts from the temporary (seasonal) access road.

It is assumed that potential impacts to riverine wetlands (Moose Creek and Eldorado Creek) would be avoided or negligible. Gravel removal, processing and storage would be limited to previously disturbed areas.

TP – Teklanika Pit; EFR – East Fork River; TR – Toklat River; BP – Beaver Pond; B –Boundary; NFC – North Face Corner; MCT – Moose Creek Terrace; CR – Camp Ridge; DK – Downtown Kantishna; KA – Kantishna Airstrip.